

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

**Hearing Sonata Form: Mozart, Symphony No. 40 in G minor, K. 550, 1<sup>st</sup> movement**

Part 1. For this part you will see how well you can hear the formal structure of a sonata-allegro exposition without referring to the score.

First, listen to the whole first movement without any particular agenda, and **without** the score.

Next, listen to the whole exposition at least once more to get a general picture. Use this live Harnoncourt recording on YouTube: [www.youtube.com/watch?v=JAPx7\\_ra\\_A](http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=JAPx7_ra_A) Then listen again with your eye on the time your finger on the pause button, and complete the table below. Do **not** look at the score yet.

Mozart’s melodic imagination was fantastically fertile. He very rarely employed just a single important first theme and second theme; rather, each of the two theme groups of a Mozart exposition usually has two or more themes. The number of distinct themes you hear in each group is partly a matter of interpretation; try to follow the list I have made as best you can.

**N.B.** This chart covers the **exposition only!** It is about two minutes long.

<u>minute:second</u>	<u>event</u>
0:53	1 <sup>st</sup> group, theme 1 begins
	strong half-cadence in G minor (home key)
	restatement of beginning of theme 1, with new, modulating continuation
	new, transitional theme in relative major
	strong half-cadence in the secondary key area (relative major)
	2 <sup>nd</sup> group, theme 1 begins (lyrical theme)
	2 <sup>nd</sup> group, theme 2 begins (could be labeled a closing theme)
	2 <sup>nd</sup> group, theme 3 begins (could be labeled a second closing theme)
	closing group, theme 1
	closing group, theme 2

Now listen again, this time **with** the score. Don’t change your responses above, but write down your revised assessment below, this time indicating measure numbers as well.

<u>minute:second</u>	<u>event</u>	<u>measure</u>
	1 <sup>st</sup> group, theme 1 begins	
	strong half-cadence in G minor (home key)	
	restatement of beginning of theme 1	
	new, transitional theme in major	
	strong half-cadence in the secondary key area	
	2 <sup>nd</sup> group, theme 1 begins (lyrical theme)	
	2 <sup>nd</sup> group, theme 2 begins	
	2 <sup>nd</sup> group, theme 3 begins	
	closing group, theme 1	
	closing group, theme 2	